



Safety Data Sheet

according 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

pH-Powder

Date: 01 Janvier 2007 Version No. 4 Review date: 15 February 2020

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/ MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/ **UNDERTAKING**

Product identifier

pH- Powder 1.1 A. Product name:

CE Number B.

CAS

1.2

1.4

Relevant identified uses

of the substance or

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture: mixture and uses

advised against pH- Powder lowers the pH of the product in hydroponic nutrient solutions.

Uses advised against:

Any use not specified in this section or in section 7.3

17

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3

> Supplier identification Général Hydroponics Europe

Address 4, boulevard du Biopole 32500 FLEURANCE

Phone number +33 (0)5 62 06 08 30

E-mail address info@eurohydro.com

1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

> Medical services/ 15

emergency services

Fire and rescue services 18

Police

EU Emergency call line 112

Toxicological Information 01 45 41 59 59

Centre ORFILA (INRS) **Toxicological Information**

Centre South West 05 61 77 74 47

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mono-constituent substance Reg. 1272/2008/CLP In accordance with Regulation No. 1272/2008 (CLP), the product is considered dangerous.

Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B H314

Additional information:

Hazards for humans

Upon contact with water, it forms phosphoric acid and urea, which can cause severe burns

and eye contact.

Enviromental hazards None
Physico-chemical hazards None
Other hazards None

Labelling elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms



Signal word DANGER

Hazard statements H: H314 Causes skin burns

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements P: Phrases P

P101 If you consult a doctor, keep the container or label available

P102 Keep out of reach of children P103 Read the label before use P260-a Do not breathe dust

P280 Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

P314 In case of discomfort, consult a doctor.

2.3 Other hazards

2.2

None

3 SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances Mono-constituent substance

Chemical nameWeight % content (or range)CAS NUMBERUrea phosphate100%4861-19-2

Mixtures
3.2 Name Not applicable

4 SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

In general, if in doubt or if symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Following eye contact

Immediately flush eyes, including under the eyelids, with plenty of clean, clear water for at

least 15 minutes. Check if the victim is wearing contact lenses and if so, remove them.

Consult a doctor immediately.

Following skin contact

Rinse the irritated area thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

contaminated clothing.

Consult a doctor immediately. Chemical burns should be treated promptly by a doctor.

Following ingestion Rinse the mouth with water. If a person has swallowed this product and is conscious, give

small amounts of water to drink. Call a doctor if the adverse health effects persist or

worsen. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel.

Following inhalation If inhaled, move to fresh air. Consult a doctor immediately. If it is suspected that fumes are

present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing

apparatus.

Self-protection of the first

No action should be taken that involves an individual risk or in the absence of appropriate

training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an

appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It can be dangerous for the person assisting a victim to practice mouth-to-mouth. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with

water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Other information For further details of first aid administration, including but not limited to more serious

health effects, the doctor may consult the Toxicological Information Centre, hotline: see

section 1.4

Most important 4.2 symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects:

Inhalation: Possible release of gases, vapours or dust that are very irritating or corrosive to

the respiratory system.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns.

Ingestion: May cause burns to the mouth, throat and stomach.

Signs/symptoms of overexposure:

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, tearing, redness

Inhalation: No specific data

Skin contact: Pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur

Ingestion: No specific data. Note to the attending physician

immediate medical

Symptomatic treatment required. Immediately contact a specialist for the treatment of

4.3 attention and special

5.1

5.2

Indication of any

poisonings if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments treatment needed

No special treatment.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Fire hazard low due to the flammability characteristics of the

product under normal storage, handling and use conditions.

Suitable extinguishing media:

In the event of a nearby fire or continued combustion, caused by improper handling, storage or use, the following extinguishing media may be used: carbon dioxide (CO2),

foam, chemical powders, and in the event of a widespread fire, also water spray.

Inappropriate extinguishing media: In case of fire, do not use: Water jet

Hazards due to the substance or mixture: Special hazards arising

from the substance or The product does not present a specific risk of fire or explosion.

Risk related to thermal decomposition products: mixture

> A fire in the surrounding area will often produce thick black smoke. Exposure to compositional products may pose health risks. Do not breathe dust, vapours or fumes

released by the combustion of the products.

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions to be taken when fighting fires

Quickly isolate the site by evacuating all persons from the area near the incident in case of fire. Do not take any action involving a personal risk or in the absence of adequate training. Keep containers away from fire if it can be done without risk. Use water or water spray to keep containers exposed to fire cool.

5.3

Appropriate protective equipment

The product is not combustible. In the event of a fire in the surrounding area, appropriate extinguishing media and protective equipment may be used for the other materials present (full protective clothing and personal respiratory equipment), in accordance with EN469 for a basic level of protection against chemical incidents. Have a minimum of emergency facilities or intervention elements (fire blankets, medicine kit, etc.) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Other information

Additional provisions:

Respond in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Fact Sheets on Accident and Other Emergency Response. Remove all sources of ignition. In case of fire, if possible refrigerate containers and storage tanks for products that may ignite and explode as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spilling products used to extinguish the fire in the aquatic environment.

5.4

6 SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MESURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action should be taken that involves an individual risk or in the absence of appropriate training. Evacuate the area. Prevent access to persons not required and not wearing protective clothing. DO NOT TOUCH or walk in spilled material. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respiratory protection when the ventilation system is inadequate. Wear protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specific clothing is required to handle the spill, refer to Section 8 for appropriate and inappropriate materials. See also the information contained in "For personnel other than response personnel"

Environmental precautions





6.2

Avoid contamination of soil, sewers, surface water and groundwater. If this happens, inform the competent authorities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3

For containment:

Sewer coverage

For cleaning up:

Small accidental spill:

Keep containers away from the accidental spill area. Vacuum with a HEPA filter vacuum cleaner or sweep up spilled material with a broom and place in a properly labelled waste container. Dispose by an authorized waste collection company. The contamination-free product can be used for its intended application.

Large accidental spill:

Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep containers away from the accidental spill area. Approach the fumes in the same direction as the wind. Block any possible entry into sewers, watercourses, cellars or confined areas. Avoid the formation of dust. Do not sweep dry. Vacuum with equipment equipped with a HEPA filter and place it in a properly labelled waste container. Disposal by an authorized waste collection company. Note: See section 1 for emergency contact and see section 13 for waste disposal.

Other information:

Do not put the spilled product in contact with combustible or incompatible materials. Cleaning personnel must wear equipment to protect skin and eyes and to protect themselves from vapours

Reference to other sections

Collect the remains in an identified container: see point 13 for disposal.

Personal protective equipment: see section 8 Withdrawal considerations: see section 13.

See section 1 for emergency contact information.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not put in contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the substance presents a respiratory hazard, adequate ventilation or the use of a respirator is mandatory. Keep in the original container or in another approved substitute container made of a compatible material and kept hermetically sealed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residues and can be dangerous. Do not reuse the containers.

Advice on professional hygiene in general:

It is prohibited to eat, drink or smoke in areas where this product is handled, stored or used. It is recommended that staff wash their hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering a food court. See also section 8 for more information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in the original container away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place away from incompatible materials

(see section 10). Keep under lock and key. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Containers that have been opened must be carefully closed again and kept in an upright position to prevent leaks. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use an appropriate container to avoid contamination of the surrounding environment. Surround storage

facilities with containment dykes to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of a spill.

Specific end use(s)

No specific end uses.

Good practices: keep in closed containers. Close containers before and after each use to avoid sources of moisture or heat. Store in areas with waterproof pavement.

8 SECTION 8 : EXHIBITION CONTROLS/INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits:

No known exposure limit values.

7.1

6.4

7.2

7.3

DNEL/DMEL

Product/component Type Exposure Value Population Effects

Urea phosphate DNEL Long term 2.92mg/m³ Operators Systemic

Inhalation

8.2 Exposure controls Provide adequate air exchange and/or ventilation in the workshops. Consult a doctor if

necessary. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Wear a respirator with a dust

filter. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Appropriate engineering

controls

If user handling causes dust, fumes, gases, vapours or mist, use enclosed enclosures, source exhaust ventilation, or other integrated automatic control systems to keep the technician's exposure threshold to airborne contaminants below recommended or legal

limits.

and skin.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemicals, before eating, smoking and using the toilet, and at the end of the workday. It is recommended to use appropriate techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. A washing facility or water must be available for cleaning the eyes

Use individual protections placed on the market in accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016. Personal protective equipment must be adapted to the risk, kept clean and properly

maintained in accordance with the provisions of the Labour Code.

Eye/face protection

Use eye protection in accordance with an approved standard whenever a risk assessment

indicates that it is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, fine particles, gases or

dust. Recommended: CEN tight-fitting waterproof glasses: EN166

Skin protection

The use of impermeable and chemical-resistant gloves that meet an approved standard is

always mandatory when handling chemicals if a risk assessment indicates it.

> 8 hours (time before piercing): Gloves: It is recommended to wear protective gloves

thicker than 0.35mm when using this product for normal use.

Respiratory protection When room ventilation is insufficient, wear respiratory protective equipment.

Recommended: The P2 filter (EN 143)

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be chosen according to the task to be

performed and the risks involved, and it is recommended to have it validated by a specialist

before handling the product.

Environmental exposure

controls

It is important to test emissions from ventilation systems or manufacturing equipment to ensure that they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, it will be necessary to equip the manufacturing equipment with a gas scrubber or filter or to technically modify it in order to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9 SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Physical state: pH Down Sec is in crystalline (solid) powder form

Color: White

Odour No odor

pH 2.7 - 2.8[Conc. (% weight / weight): 0.5 g/l]

Melting point >200°C

Freezing point Not determined

Initial boiling point and

boiling range Flash point

>200°C

Not determined

Evaporation rate Not determined Flammability (solid, gas) Non inflammable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Not determined

Vapour pressure < 0,1 hPa

Vapour density Not determined Relative density 1,77 @ 20 °C

Solubility(ies) 20°C

> 100 g/l @ 20 °C Soluble in the following substances: cold water

Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

-1,73 @ 20 °C

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity

Not determined Not determined

Not determined

Explosive properties None Oxidising properties None

Refraction index Not determined Rotary power Not determined

9.2 Other information

10

10.1

10.4

10.5

No other information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity No specific reactivity test data are available for this product or its components

Chemical stability Dry pH- Powder is stable at room temperature in closed packages and under normal 10.2

storage and handling conditions.

No risk of dangerous reactions under normal use and storage conditions. Possibility of hazardous 10.3

reactions

Conditions to avoid

Avoid any contamination, including contamination by metals, dust or organic substances.

Incompatible materials No specific data.

Hazardous 10.6

Under normal storage and use conditions, no hazardous decomposition products should

decomposition products OCCUr.

11 **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

a) acute toxicity;

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;

a) Acute toxicity: DL50/oral/rat = 2600mg/kg.

(c) serious eye damage/irritation;

423 Acute oral toxicity - Acute toxicity class method

(d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

(f) carcinogenicity;

(g) reproductive toxicity;

(h) STOT-single exposure; (i) STOT-repeated

exposure;

(j) aspiration hazard

Conclusion/Summary: Non-toxic.

b) Irritation and corrosion: Causes burns

c) Causes serious eye damage

d) Possible irritation of the respiratory system.

(e) NO mutagenic effect

(f) NO carcinogenic effect

(g) No known significant effects or critical hazards

(h) None

(i) None

(j) Possible release of gases, vapours or dust that are very irritating or corrosive to the

Health effects are considered unlikely if the product is used as recommended

respiratory system.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and

toxicological characteristics Inhalation, ingestion: No known symptoms

Skin contact: Pain or irritation redness blistering may occur

Eye contact: Pain and tearing redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure Interactive effects

Data not known

Absence of specific data

No data available No data available

Mixture versus substance

information

Mixtures

No known adverse effects or symptoms resulting from exposure to the mixture or its

components.

Conclusion Non toxic

12 **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 **Toxicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12.2 Persistence and Easily biodegradable by plants and soil. The product does not show any bioaccumulation

degradability phenomena.

12.3 **Bioaccumulative**

potential

It cannot be expected to bioaccumulate in the environment through food chains.

Mobility in soil 12.4

Low expected mobility in the ground, according to the log Koc.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS 13

Waste treatment methods

13.1

Product:

It is recommended to avoid or reduce waste generation as much as possible. Do not dispose of significant quantities of residual product waste through sewers. Treat them in an appropriate wastewater treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products by an authorized waste collection company. The disposal of this product, solutions and byproducts must always comply with legal requirements for environmental protection and waste disposal as well as the requirements of all local authorities.

Packaging:

It is recommended to avoid or reduce waste generation as much as possible. Recycle

Waste codes / waste designations according to

06 01 06*

LoW: other acids

14 **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

1759 **UN number** 14.1

CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S. (Urea phosphate) **UN proper shipping** 14.2

name

8 **Transport hazard** 14.3

class(es)

ADR ADR/RID

IMDG Hazard identification number: 80

Tunnel code (E) OACI/IATA

IMDG:

Marine pollutant: No

Emergency schedules (EmS): F-A, S-B

Π **Packing group** 14.4

Environmental hazards No 14.5

> Transportation with local users: Ensure that people transporting the product are aware of **Special precautions for**

14.6 the measures to be taken in the event of an accident or accidental spill. user

Transport in bulk 14.7 according to Annex II of

MARPOL73/78 and the

IBC Code 14.8 **TMSRC**

Bulk Cargo shipping name: FERTILIZERS WITHOUT NITRATES

Class 8: corrosive product

Group C No MCH

Non applicable

15 **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Reg. 1272/2008/CE

15.1

The product does not contain substances that can be classified as carcinogenic. 1 or 2

according to Reg.1272/2008/EC and subsequent updates.

Reg. 830/2015/CE (REACH) Not applicable

Special hazards To our knowledge, no other national or governmental regulations apply.

Règlement UE (CE) nº 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV: List of substances subject to authorisation: none of the components are listed

15.2 **Chemical safety** assessment

Finished

16 **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ETA = Acute Toxicity Estimation

CLP = Regulation 1272/2008/EC on classification, labelling and packaging of substances

and mixtures 16.1

> DNEL = Derived no-effect dose DMEL = Derived no-effect dose EUH = Specific hazard statement CLP

CPSE = Predicted no-effect concentration

RRN = REACH registration number

PTB = Persistent, Toxic and Bioaccumulative tPtB = Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

bw = Body mass

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 of the European Parliament (REACH) Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 of the European Parliament (CLP)

Regulation (EC) 790/2009 of the European Parliament (I Atp. CLP)

Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament Regulation (EC) 286/2011 of the

European Parliament (II Atp. CLP)

The Merck index. Ed. 10 Handling and chemical safety

Niosh - Register of toxic effects of chemical substances

INRS - Toxicological Data Sheet

Patty - Industrial hygiene and toxicology

N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials - 7 Ed., 1989

ECHA website

EU REACH IUCLID5 CSR.

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, U.S. Dept. of Health, Education, and

Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B, H314: DERMAL CORROSION/CUTANEOUS IRRITATION - Category 1B

Welfare, Reports and Memoranda Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. IHS, 4777 Levy Street, St Laurent, Quebec HAR 2P9, Canada.Règlement (CE) n °

1272/2008 Annexe VI.

16.3 Indication of changes:

Date of revision: 15/02/2020

Previous version date: 25/07/2019

Modifications: Trade name change from "Dry pH Down" to "pH powder"

Modifications in section 5.3

Classification and 16.4 procedure used to

derive the classification for mixtures according

Skin Corr./Irrit. 1B H314

Classification

Justification

to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]: Relevant H-

Calculation method

statements (number and full text):

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Full text of the classifications[CLP/

SGH]

Full text of the short R-phrases

R34- Causes burns.

Full text of classifications[DSD/ DPD]

C - Corrosive

Page **10** sur **11**

16.2

Note

This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements laid down in Reg. 830/2015/EU. It does not exempt the user from knowing and applying all the documents that govern his activity. The user will take under his responsibility the precautions related to the specific use of the product. All the regulatory requirements mentioned are simply intended to help the recipient to assume his responsibilities. This list should not be considered exhaustive. This data sheet supplements the technical instructions for use but does not replace them. The information in this safety data sheet has been compiled by GHE on the basis of its current knowledge (safety data sheet for the active ingredients compiled by the manufacturer and other bibliographical data) as of the date indicated. It is given in good faith. In addition, the user's attention is drawn to the possible risks involved when a product is used for purposes other than those for which it was created. The recipient must ensure that he is not liable for anything other than what is stated in the texts other than those mentioned.

The information describes the safety aspects of the product. It is not intended to guarantee specific properties.

It is the responsibility of our customers to observe the applicable regulations.